

Instructions: Pick 1 passage to outline. Create Qs & As for the other passage(s). You must follow the handout(s) I gave you, if you want a passing grade.

Objective: # 13F - WWII impact on American economy and society?

Title: WWII

1 Factories hired women, but they resisted hiring African Americans. Frustrated by the situation, A. Philip Randolph, the
2 head of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters—a major union for African American railroad workers—decided to act.
3 He informed President Roosevelt that he was organizing a march on Washington “in the interest of securing jobs . . . in
4 the national defense and . . . integration into the . . . military and naval forces.” On June 25, 1941, Roosevelt issued
5 Executive Order 8802, which stated, “there shall be no discrimination in the employment of workers in defense
6 industries or government because of race, creed, color, or national origin.” To enforce the order, he created the Fair
7 Employment Practices Commission, the first federal civil rights agency since Reconstruction . (12.1 – 40 & 41)

Objective: # 13F – WWII impact on American economy and society?

Title: WWII

1 The federal government spent more than \$300 billion during World War II—more money than it had spent from
2 Washington’s administration to the end of Franklin Roosevelt’s second term. Congress raised taxes, although not as high
3 as Roosevelt requested due to public opposition to large tax increases. As a result, the extra taxes collected covered
4 only 45 percent of the war’s cost. The government issued war bonds—more than \$100 billion worth was sold to
5 individuals, banks, and other financial institutions—to make up the difference. (9.3 – 05 & 06)

Objective: #13E – One way the Allies won in the Pacific?

Title: WWII

1 When American marines stormed an enemy beach, they used radios to communicate. Using radios, however, meant
2 that the Japanese could intercept and translate the messages. In the midst of the battle, there was no time to use a
3 code-machine. Acting upon the suggestion of Philip Johnston, an engineer who had lived on a Navajo reservation as a
4 child, the marines recruited Navajos to serve as “code talkers.”. The Navajo language had no written alphabet and was
5 known only to the Navajo and a few missionaries and anthropologists. (10.1 - 32)

Objective: # 13G - What was the foundation for the Cold War?

Title: WWII

1 Roosevelt wanted to meet with Stalin before the Allies invaded France. In late 1943, Stalin agreed, proposing that
2 Roosevelt and Churchill meet him in Tehran, Iran. The leaders reached several agreements. Stalin promised to launch a
3 full-scale offensive against the Germans when the Allies invaded France in 1944. Roosevelt and Stalin then agreed to
4 divide Germany after the war so that it would never again threaten world peace. Stalin promised that once Germany
5 was defeated, the Soviet Union would help the United States against Japan. He also accepted Roosevelt’s proposal of
6 an international peacekeeping organization after the war. (10.3 – 21-23)